

Systematic (spatial) conservation planning?

Operative model to solve wicked problems

To link ecological uniqueness and irreplaceability with possible threats and pressures

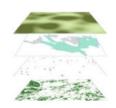
To identify cost-effectiveness and potential for ecosystem improvement

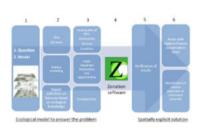
Quantitative evaluation of related social-ecological trade-offs

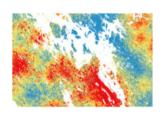
Avoiding harmful opportunism in decision-making

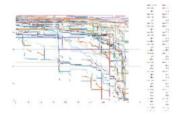
Finding the balance!

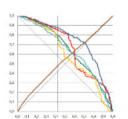
Defining and recognizing opportunities









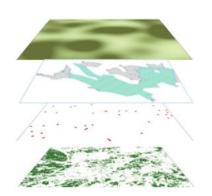




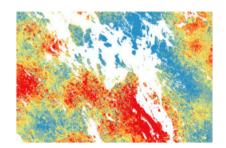
Zonation

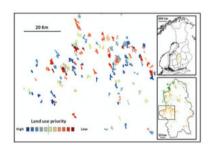
Ranks areas (pixels to any size planning units) according to their conservation value, based on:

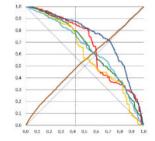
- Aims to maximize ecological value of the solution (set of areas) considering simultaneously data for multiple habitats and species
- Complementarity (identifying what is missing or poorly represented)
- Connectivity, Condition, Cost-effectiveness



Produces data for trade-off evaluation (how the solution changes / area / costs)







Kareksela et al. 2013 Conservation Biology

Irreplaceability

Restoration potential



Same areas, same data, but different question

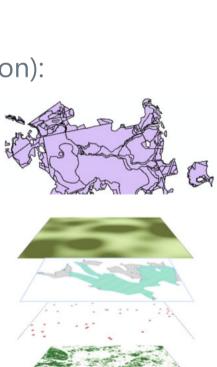


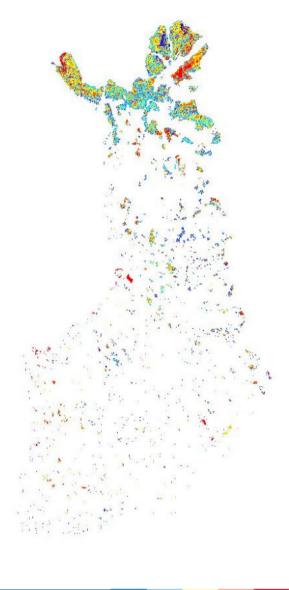
Irreplaceability - Identifying ecological uniqueness within the protected N2000 area network

Data: Natura habitats + threatened species

Irreplaceability in prioritization (Zonation): proportion of habitats' and species' total abundances occurring at certain area

Why to do this?
Recreational pressures
Nearby land-use...

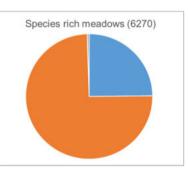


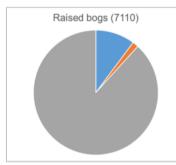


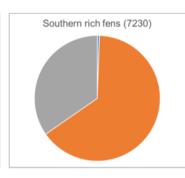
Ecosystem restoration and management analysis:

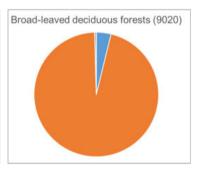
Comparing how habitat representations differ with different analysis perspectives

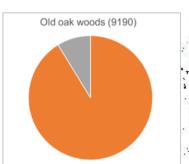
- Good condition or not realistic
- Potential and will be improved (best 20% solution)
- Potential but not treated if "only" best 20% is done

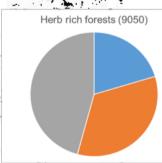












How the solution changes if we change: connectivity? costs? species? habitat rarity/representation in the boreal region or EU27?

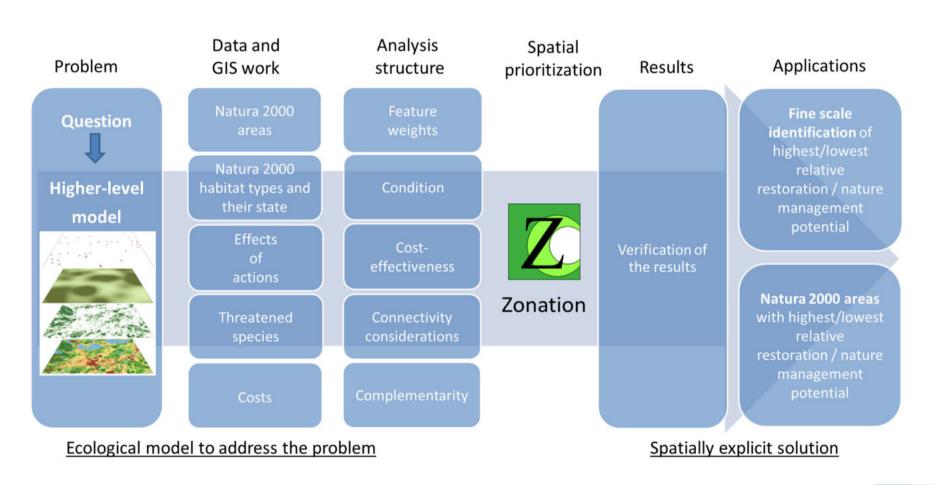
Challenges

Data issues Interpreting the maps and stuff Implementation



Solutions

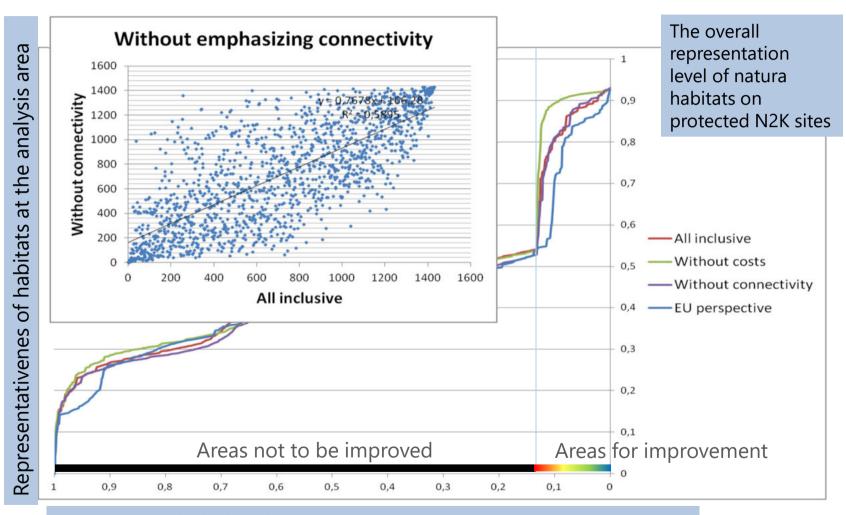
Systematic analyses with operational models help to implement the results and to investigate trade-offs and knowledge gaps



Systematic analyses with operational models help to implement the results and to investigate trade-offs and knowledge gaps

| | | Proportional changes for the Natura habitats when N2000 areas are improved following the prioritization | | | | | | | | | | on | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--|-------|-----------------------|-------|--|-------|-------|-------------------------------------|--------|---------------|----------------------------|--|-------|--|--|--|---------------------------------|-------|--|--|-------|
| Osuus valittavana olevasta ala | | 0,688 | 0.874 | 0,750 | 0,981 | 0,000 | 0.133 | 0.111 | 0,681 | 0.000 | 0,088 | 0.991 | 0,100 | 0,083 | 0.000 | 0,411 | 0,333 | 0,349 | 1,000 | 0,057 | 0.625 | 0.962 |
| | sta | 0,000 | | and the second second | | The state of the s | | | and the second second second second | 10.000 | | and the owner, the ballion | The second secon | - | | | The state of the s | | | | | |
| Erotus: nykytila - paras 20% | Change | Total | 0,450 | 0,454 | 0,755 | 0,000 | 0,013 | 0,001 | 0,047 | 0,000 | 0,003 | 0,566 | 0,001 | 0,001 | 0,000 | 0,023 | 0,003 | 0,096 | 0,001 | 0,009 | 0,293 | 0,901 |
| | | improvement | 6230 | 6270 | 6280 | 7240 | 7110 | 7140 | 7160 | 7210 | 7220 | 7220- | 7230p | 7210 | 7320 | 8210 | 8220 | 8230 | 9010 | 9030 | 9050 | 9020 |
| | 0 | 0.844492 | | 0,608 | 0.77 | 0,875 | 0,834 | 0,991 | 0,933 | | 7220 0,938 | 0,874 | | 7310 | 0,995 | 0,965 | 0,995 | 0,928 | 0,963 | 0,702 | 0,865 | |
| | - | | 0,515 | | | The state of the s | | - | | 0,95 | | | 0,959 | 0,957 | The state of the s | The state of the s | | The second second second second | - | The second second second second second | The state of the s | 0,941 |
| | 0,001 | | 0,515 | 0,608 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,834 | 0,988 | 0,933 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,958 | 0,957 | 0,995 | 0,965 | 0,994 | 0,928 | 0,963 | 0,702 | 0,864 | 0,941 |
| | 0,002 | | 0,515 | 0,608 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,834 | 0,987 | 0,933 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,958 | 0,956 | 0,995 | 0,965 | 0,994 | 0,927 | 0,963 | 0,701 | 0,862 | 0,941 |
| | 0,003 | | 0,515 | 0,608 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,834 | 0,987 | 0,931 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,957 | 0,955 | 0,994 | 0,965 | 0,994 | 0,927 | 0,963 | 0,699 | 0,862 | 0,941 |
| | 0,004 | and the state of t | 0,515 | 0,608 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,833 | 0,987 | 0,931 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,957 | 0,954 | 0,994 | 0,965 | 0,994 | 0,927 | 0,963 | 0,696 | 0,859 | 0,941 |
| | 0,005 | 0,83877 | 0,515 | 0,601 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,83 | 0,987 | 0,931 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,957 | 0,954 | 0,994 | 0,965 | 0,993 | 0,926 | 0,963 | 0,696 | 0,858 | 0,941 |
| | 0,006 | | 0,515 | 0,599 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,829 | 0,986 | 0,929 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,957 | 0,952 | 0,994 | 0,965 | 0,991 | 0,926 | 0,963 | 0,695 | 0,856 | 0,941 |
| | 0,007 | 0,835623 | 0,515 | 0,599 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,829 | 0,986 | 0,929 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,957 | 0,952 | 0,994 | 0,965 | 0,991 | 0,911 | 0,963 | 0,694 | 0,855 | 0,941 |
| | 0,008 | | 0,515 | 0,598 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,827 | 0,986 | 0,929 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,957 | 0,951 | 0,994 | 0,965 | 0,991 | 0,91 | 0,963 | 0,693 | 0,852 | 0,941 |
| | 0,009 | | 0,515 | 0,596 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,826 | 0,986 | 0,928 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,957 | 0,949 | 0,994 | 0,965 | 0,991 | 0,91 | 0,963 | 0,692 | 0,847 | 0,941 |
| | 0,01 | 0,833033 | 0,515 | 0,595 | 0,77 | 0,875 | 0,823 | 0,986 | 0,928 | 0,95 | 0,938 | 0,874 | 0,956 | 0,948 | 0,994 | 0,965 | 0,991 | 0,91 | 0,963 | 0,692 | 0,843 | 0,941 |
| | 0,011 | 0,827787 | 0,515 | 0,584 | 0,77 | 0,792 | 0,821 | 0,986 | 0,925 | 0,95 | 0,917 | 0,873 | 0,956 | 0,948 | 0,994 | 0,961 | 0,991 | 0,886 | 0,963 | 0,69 | 0,832 | 0,941 |
| | 0,012 | 0,823541 | 0,515 | 0,579 | 0,77 | 0,792 | 0,818 | 0,985 | 0,924 | 0,95 | 0,917 | 0,873 | 0,956 | 0,948 | 0,994 | 0,961 | 0,991 | 0,882 | 0,963 | 0,682 | 0,826 | 0,941 |
| | 0,013 | 0,815475 | 0,515 | 0,575 | 0,766 | 0,792 | 0,815 | 0,985 | 0,924 | 0,95 | 0,917 | 0,873 | 0,955 | 0,948 | 0,994 | 0,961 | 0,991 | 0,868 | 0,963 | 0,682 | 0,823 | 0,94 |
| | 0,014 | 0,810328 | 0,515 | 0,56 | 0,766 | 0,792 | 0,809 | 0,985 | 0,922 | 0,95 | 0,917 | 0,873 | 0,954 | 0,947 | 0,994 | 0,961 | 0,991 | 0,867 | 0,963 | 0,681 | 0,812 | 0,94 |
| | 0,015 | 0,804459 | 0,515 | 0,556 | 0,766 | 0,792 | 0,807 | 0,984 | 0,917 | 0,95 | 0,917 | 0,873 | 0,954 | 0,947 | 0,994 | 0,961 | 0,99 | 0,867 | 0,963 | 0,646 | 0,798 | 0,94 |
| | 0,016 | 0,777656 | 0,45 | 0,548 | 0,766 | 0,792 | 0,806 | 0,984 | 0,917 | 0,95 | 0,917 | 0,873 | 0,954 | 0,947 | 0,994 | 0,96 | 0,99 | 0,867 | 0,963 | 0,564 | 0,787 | 0,915 |
| | 0,017 | 0,773082 | 0,45 | 0,542 | 0,766 | 0,792 | 0,795 | 0,984 | 0,915 | 0,95 | 0,917 | 0,872 | 0,954 | 0,946 | 0,994 | 0,96 | 0,99 | 0,867 | 0,963 | 0,563 | 0,778 | 0,912 |
| | 0,018 | 0,767836 | 0,45 | 0,53 | 0,766 | 0,792 | 0,785 | 0,983 | 0,915 | 0,95 | 0,917 | 0,872 | 0,952 | 0,946 | 0,994 | 0,959 | 0,99 | 0,867 | 0,963 | 0,556 | 0,772 | 0,908 |
| | 0,019 | 0,764016 | 0,45 | 0,519 | 0,766 | 0,792 | 0,775 | 0,983 | 0,912 | 0,95 | 0,912 | 0,869 | 0,951 | 0,946 | 0,994 | 0,938 | 0,989 | 0,826 | 0,963 | 0,556 | 0,728 | 0,906 |
| | 0,02 | 0,753213 | 0,45 | 0,488 | 0,766 | 0,792 | 0,77 | 0,983 | 0,911 | 0,95 | 0,912 | 0,869 | 0,95 | 0,946 | 0,994 | 0,938 | 0,989 | 0,749 | 0,963 | 0,556 | 0,705 | 0,906 |
| Most cost-effective 20% addition to the existing if degraded areas are restored/managed | 0,021 | 0,748148 | 0,45 | 0,457 | 0,755 | 0,792 | 0,749 | 0,983 | 0,911 | 0,95 | 0,907 | 0,869 | 0,95 | 0,946 | 0,994 | 0,932 | 0,989 | 0,749 | 0,963 | 0,554 | 0,689 | 0,905 |
| | 0.022 | 0.739508 | 0,45 | 0.371 | 0,755 | 0,792 | 0,737 | 0.983 | 0,909 | 0.95 | 0,906 | 0.869 | 0,95 | 0,945 | 0,994 | 0,93 | 0,988 | 0,749 | 0,963 | 0,549 | 0,658 | 0,905 |
| | 0.023 | 0,721197 | 0,45 | 0,338 | 0,653 | 0,792 | 0,737 | 0,983 | 0,904 | 0,95 | 0,906 | 0,868 | 0,95 | 0,945 | 0,994 | 0,921 | 0,988 | 0,682 | 0,962 | 0.549 | 0.586 | 0,901 |
| | 0,024 | | 0,376 | 0,212 | 0,596 | 0,792 | 0,737 | 0,983 | 0,891 | 0,95 | 0,905 | 0,867 | 0,95 | 0,945 | 0,994 | 0,92 | 0,986 | 0,654 | 0,962 | 0,549 | 0.551 | 0.871 |
| | 0,025 | | 0.376 | 0.111 | 0,244 | 0,792 | 0,736 | 0,983 | 0,889 | 0,95 | 0,904 | 0,318 | 0,95 | 0,945 | 0,994 | 0,915 | 0,986 | 0,654 | 0,962 | 0,548 | 0.491 | 0,83 |
| Democratical and | 0,025 | | 0,570 | 0,003 | 0,244 | 0,792 | 0,736 | 0,982 | 0,864 | 0,95 | 0,904 | 0,303 | 0.949 | 0,945 | 0,994 | 0,909 | 0,986 | 0,653 | 0,962 | 0,545 | 0,396 | 0,004 |
| Representation on areas already in good condition | 0,027 | | 0 | 0,003 | 0 | 0,792 | 0,736 | 0,982 | 0,864 | 0,95 | 0,904 | 0,303 | 0,949 | 0,945 | 0,994 | 0,909 | 0,986 | 0,653 | 0,961 | 0,545 | 0,396 | 0,004 |
| | 0,027 | | 0 | 0,003 | 0 | 0,792 | 0,736 | 0,982 | 0,864 | 0,95 | 0,904 | 0,303 | 0,949 | 0,945 | 0,994 | 0,909 | 0,986 | 0,653 | 0,961 | 0,545 | 0,396 | 0,004 |
| | | The state of the s | 0 | 0.003 | 0 | 0,792 | 0,736 | 0,982 | 0,864 | | 0,904 | 0,303 | 0,949 | 0,945 | 0,994 | 0,909 | 0,986 | 0,653 | 0,961 | 0,545 | | |
| | 0,029 | 0,534557 | U | 0,003 | Ü | 0,792 | 0,736 | 0,982 | 0,864 | 0,95 | 0,904 | 0,303 | 0,949 | 0,945 | 0,994 | 0,909 | 0,986 | 0,053 | 0,961 | 0,545 | 0,396 | 0,004 |

Graphical analysis of the performance COMPARING TRADE-OFFS

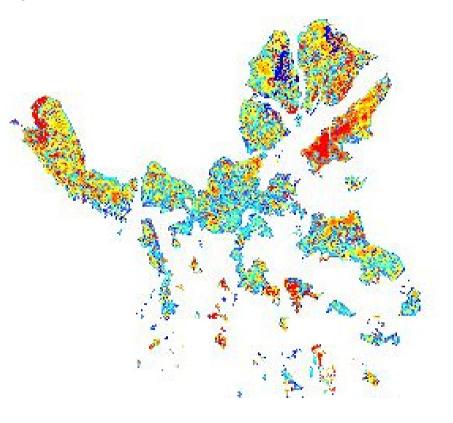


Total area included in the analysis = protected N2K areas in Finland

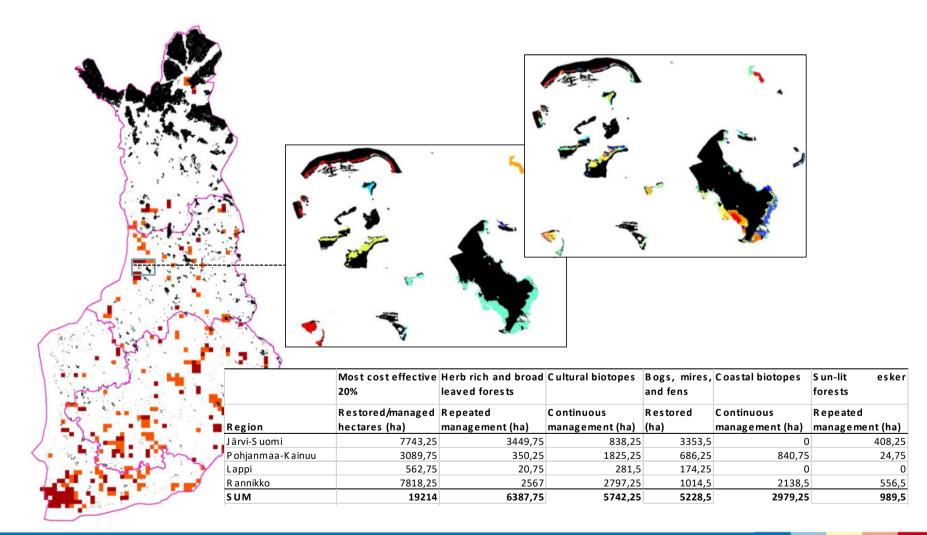
Monitoring perspective

Starting from identifying ecological irreplaceability

- Quick and dirty: irreplaceable areas should have a monitoring priority
- Iteration of the irreplaceability analysis with emphasis for monitoring need
 - Weighing biodiversity elements according to their need for monitoring
 - Should combine monitoring need and possibilities to make a difference



Spatial identification of responsibilities? (spatial allocation of most cost-effective restoration and management between Parks & Wildlife Finland regions)



Some conclusions

- Current methods allow ecologically sophisticated and meaningful analysis of different kinds of conservation needs that can be applied to wide range of decision-making
- Proper analyses also enable proper investigation of the trade-offs, which helps to compare different solutions and to implement the results!
- Getting good DATA for AND the IMPLEMENTATION of complex analyses is however still a CHALLENGE...
- Offers tools also to build a prioritization model for cost-effective monitoring and use of data

Possibilities to identify cost-effective social ecological decisions

Thank you!

Ari Lahtinen, Marja Hokkanen, Jussi Päivinen, Tuula Kurikka, Tuomas Haapalehto, Katja Raatikainen, Janne Kotiaho, Atte Moilanen, Ninni Mikkonen, Niko Leikola

More information

Presented analyses and Zonation: me, santtu.kareksela@metsa.fi
Zonation method: Atte Moilanen, atte.moilanen@helsinki.fi
Our prioritization project, (http://www.metsa.fi/web/en/zonation)



Research-implementation gap?

Conservation Biology



Conservation Practice and Policy

Exposing ecological and economic costs of the research-implementation gap and compromises in decision making

Santtu Kareksela , 1,2 * † Atte Moilanen, Olli Ristaniemi, Reima Välivaara, and Janne S. Kotiaho 1

Abstract: The frequently discussed gap between conservation science and practice is manifest in the gap between spatial conservation prioritization plans and their implementation. We analyzed the research-implementation gap of one zoning case by comparing results of a spatial prioritization analysis aimed

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